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What we will talk about today

- 1. What is a Supplemental or Special Needs Trust (SNT)?
- 2. What is the Master Pooled Trust (MPT)?
- 3. Which one is right for you?
- 4. Questions?

What is a Trust?

- A trust is a relationship where property is held by one party (a person, a bank, a group of people) for the benefit of someone else.
- Every trust has a
 - beneficiary, the person that the trust is set up to support; and a
 - <u>trustee</u>, the person who makes decisions about how the money is spent.
- A trust document gives the rules about what happens to the money or the property.
 - Is it spent or saved?
 - How much can you spend?
 - What can the money be used for?
 - Who can use the money?
 - Is there property? What happens to that property?

What is a Supplemental or Special Needs Trust?

- A Supplemental or Special Needs Trust (SNT) is a <u>specially drafted</u> trust that allows an individual with a disability to retain assets while still keeping their benefits.
- A properly drafted SNT can make assets "invisible" for Medicaid or SSI purposes.

Why use an SNT?

- The best way to protect public benefits while still having access to money that can improve one's quality of life.
- A safeguard for an individual so that they can have the best quality of life while still keeping their Medicaid or SSI.
- A tool that will help provide long term for loved ones with a disability.

What kinds of SNTs are there?

- Self-Settled or First Party Trusts
 - These trusts require a Medicaid payback provision
 - 42 USC § 1396p(d)(4)(a) and 42 USC § 1396p(d)(4)(c) allow for SNTs to be established with an individual's own money and not counted as an asset.
- Third Party Trusts
 - These trusts do not require a payback provision
 - POMS SI 01120.200 et seq. and Texas MEPD §F-6100 allow third party money to not be counted as an asset.

Self-Settled Trusts

- Traditional SNTs- a person (a parent, grandparent, guardian or a court) establishes the trust and an individual or a bank serves as the trustee. (42 USC § 1396p(d)(4)(a))
- Pooled SNTs- a person (an individual, their parent, grandparent, guardian or a court) establishes the trust and a non-profit organization serves as the manager (and sometimes trustee). (42 USC § 1396p(d)(4)(c))
 - This is the only type of trust that individuals can establish for THEMSELVES.
- These trusts require a Medicaid payback provision

Third Party SNTs

- Third Party Traditional SNTs- a third party establishes the trust for an individual and an individual or a bank serves as the trustee.
 - Pooled SNTs- a third party establishes the trust for an individual and a non-profit organization serves as the manager (and sometimes trustee).
- These trusts do not require a payback provision
 - □ POMS SI 01120.200 et seq.
 - Texas MEPD §F-6100

What is the Master Pooled Trust?

- The Master Pooled Trust (MPT) is a unique SNT that offers families an alternative to a traditional trust.
- The Arc of Texas serves as the Manager.
 - As the Manager, The Arc of Texas handles the day-to-day operations of the MPT.
- JP Morgan Chase serves as the Trustee.
 - As Trustee, JP Morgan Chase handles the investments and sends the money to the beneficiaries and their families.

What is the Master Pooled Trust?

- The Master Pooled Trust (MPT) has four trusts that individuals or their families can "join".
- Each beneficiary has their own "sub-account" within the MPT.
- The beneficiary only has access to their own personal sub-account.
- The MPT currently has over 1300 active subaccounts.

What is the Master Pooled Trust?

- The MPT is unique because all sub-accounts are "pooled" together for investment purposes.
- By pooling all the sub-accounts together, the trust is able to make larger investments and increase potential for better returns.
- Currently the Master Pooled Trust has over \$50 million in assets.
 - We can <u>only</u> hold cash assets

About Trusts I-IV

- Trust I & II are supplemental trusts and disbursements will be made only for supplemental needs, which include most items other than food or housing costs.
- Trust III & IV (RECOMMENDED) are discretionary trusts that allow for more flexibility. If a beneficiary does not currently need to qualify for means-tested benefits (SSI, Medicaid), both basic support (food and housing) and supplemental payments may be approved.

About Trusts I-IV

- Trust I & Trust III are funded with a third party's money on behalf of an individual with a disability.
 - Use this with a will or life insurance policy.

Trust II & IV are funded with the beneficiary's own money, typically through personal injury settlements, SSI back payments, inheritances, or savings accounts. These are <u>"self-settled"</u> <u>trusts</u>.

Trust II and IV

- Self-Settled Trusts
 - "Medicaid Payback Provision"
 - When the beneficiary passes away, any money left in the trust has to be used to pay the state back for any Medicaid money spent on their behalf.
 - All SNTs established with the beneficiary's own money (like Trusts II & IV) require this provision in order to protect their benefits.
 - The individual may leave money to the Trust before the state is paid back. (But there is NO REQUIREMENT to leave any money to the Trust)

Master Pooled Trust Highlights

Expertise & Skill – The Arc is a known and trusted organization with a 60-year history of helping people with disabilities. The Arc knows the trust laws and governmental requirements, and how to best serve the needs of people with disabilities.

Master Pooled Trust Highlights

Affordability & Accessibility – The Arc of Texas Master Pooled Trust was designed with lower fees and lower minimum deposits. The low cost of establishing and maintaining a sub-account is attractive to families and beneficiaries, compared to a traditional bank trust. There are no minimum or maximum limits on an account with the MPT.

Master Pooled Trust Highlights

Safety & Security – The Arc of Texas simple and prompt disbursement procedures allow individuals and their families to still have control, with excellent customer service satisfaction ratings. Investments are professionally managed by our Trustee, JPMorgan Chase Bank, NA.

Is the Master Pooled Trust right for you and your family?

- The Master Pooled Trust is a low cost alternative.
 - Enrollment fee is \$600
 - Annual Fees are:
 - Minimum annual fee: \$300
 - 1.75% on the first \$50,000
 - 1.25% for amounts between \$50,000 up to \$100,000
 - 1% for amounts over \$100,000
 - □ No Annual Fees required for unfunded accounts.

Why the MPT is a great alternative!

- The MPT accepts sub-accounts for <u>any amount.</u>
- Using the MPT, families who might otherwise be unable to do so, gain the experience and professional management of a major Trust company.
- Unlike some traditional bank trustees, The Arc works with families to use the money sensibly and have a continued record of exemplary customer service.
- The Arc understands the unique circumstances families of people with disabilities have.

Questions?

The MPT staff is here to help determine what is the best fit for you and your family.

Contact us at 1-800-252-9729 hgreer@thearcoftexas.org www.thearcofteaxs.org/trust

Sources

- Patricia Flora Sitchler, CELA, THE MOVING TARGET: Interaction between Government Benefits and the Supplemental Needs Trust (aka Special Needs Trust), Presented at 2012 Changes and Trends Affecting Special Needs Trust
- Kelley M. Bentley, PLANNING FOR PUBLIC BENEFITS, Presented at 2012 American Bar Association SKILLS TRAINING FOR ESTATE PLANNERS
- Texas Medicaid for the Elderly and People with Disabilities Handbook
- Social Security Administration Program Operations Manual System